NORTH COAST OF CORNWALL

PORT ISAAC AND PORT GAVERNE

BUILDERS, INVESTORS. STATESTANDE LINE LINE LINE CAPITALISTS.



Freehold Building Sites FOR SALE

JAMES NICHOLLS

preived instructions to enter the SALE MY PUBLIC AUCHER, In a Martin NEW CLIFF ROAD, at PORT ISAAC

On THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7th, 1899

50 Lots of Freehold



which is much needed. But and Teleoroph Office and Church within feet minutes' wall, Stafe Burbing, Bouting, gut Good Fishing. Part Jone Rand States (Landrichesholis) "Math. Western Kaibung Line) is about three miles distant."

PriNted Purposetry of the middling Lots must be seen at Part force to midden to No. 1 II. History and all familia information, inflower the enough of I and on each I at you be obtained as

> Messrs, FORD, HARRIS & FORD, Solicitors, Exeter; Messes, WISE & WISE, Architects and Surveyors, Launceston; JAMES NICHOLLS, Auctioney and Licensel Appraise. Ventonlenna, Padstow

Earl Fortescue's 1899 Sale Poster

In the 19th century Earl Fortescue, from Castle Hill in Devon (7 miles SE of Barnstaple), owned much of the land east of Port Isaac, which was known as the Manor of Treore. This included the area overlooking the sea where the council car park now is, going round to the coastquard station, and it was that part of his estate which he put up for public auction in 1899.

The poster describes the land as '50 Lots of Freehold Land, Immediately ripe for the Frection of Residences.

and commanding very Picturesque and extensive Views of the Atlantic and the grand Cliff Scenery of the Coast-line from Tintagel to Trevose Head'. This was only a few years after the North Cornwall Railway built Port Isaac Road station a few miles inland, with fast access to London. The large properties on the Terrace had recently been built, and the potential for opening up the area to visitors must have looked very rosy. The auction was to be held on the land, in a marquee at the 'New Cliff Road at Port Isaac'. This road was not shown on the 1880 Ordnance Survey map, so perhaps it had been recently built as a prejude to this potential development.

It seems that Earl Fortescue's hopes were not realised. as only the old Vicarage was ever built at that time. The Boer War had just started, and perhaps investors' confidence was at a low ebb. In 1911, Earl Fortescue decided to put up the whole of his Manor of Treore for auction as 23 separate lots, again suggesting the clifftop lots were ideal for constructing large houses.

This similarly does not seem to have been wholly successful, as he was not able to sell the Main at Port Gaverne (lots 11 and 12) until 1921, when the Parish Council purchased it for £100. Lot 11 (the eastern half of the Main) was described as 'Magnificent sites for the Frection of Houses', and it is with relief for future generations that the 1921 conveyance included this important clause that the land was 'to be kept used and maintained as an open space or recreation ground for the public use and for no other purposes whatsoever'

Great free July 1999